Thank you for your interest in the ECLIPSE research study for adults with chronic rhinosinusitis with nasal polyposis.

For more information, please contact:

There’s a science to the art of breathing free. And it begins with research.

The ECLIPSE study is researching treatment for adults with chronic rhinosinusitis with nasal polyposis.

Protocol number: ANB020-006
Why is this study important?
If you have chronic rhinosinusitis with nasal polyposis (CRSwNP), you probably know that nasal polyps can cause congestion, runny nose, pain or pressure in your face, and/or a reduced sense of smell. You may have used other treatments or had surgery to try to control these uncomfortable symptoms. However, nasal polyps usually come back—even after other treatments or surgery. Some people with nasal polyps may need longer lasting control.
Pharmaceutical companies use clinical research studies like this one to learn more about investigational medications before they are made available to the public. Study volunteers can help us in this important research. Thank you for considering participation in this trial.

What is the purpose of this study?
The purpose of this clinical trial is to test the safety and effectiveness of the study drug, etokimab.

Who can participate in this study?
To be eligible for this study, you must:
• Be 18 to 70 years of age
• Have nasal polyps in both nostrils
• Have at least 2 of the following symptoms:
  – Nasal blockade/obstruction
  – Nasal congestion
  – Nasal discharge (anterior/posterior nasal drip)
  – Facial pain/pressure
  – Pain or stressful
  – Be a non-smoker
• Sign the informed consent form
This is not a complete list of eligibility criteria. The study doctor will review the full criteria for this study with you.

Who can participate in this study?
Your participation in this study will last approximately 28 weeks (7 months start to finish) and you will come to the study center for about 9 visits. There is a possibility you may need to return for additional visits if your study doctor believes it is necessary.

What can I expect if I decide to participate?
There are 3 dosing groups receiving different doses of study drug. You will be assigned randomly (like the flip of a coin) to one of the 3 dosing groups. You have a greater than 50% chance of being in one for the active treatment groups.

Long how will the study last?
This is a blinded study, which means neither you nor the study doctor will know to which of these study groups you are assigned. In case of an emergency; however, the study doctor can get this information.

What can I expect if I decide to participate?
Lab tests, a physical exam, and other assessments will be conducted at the in-clinic visits. Not all activities will occur at every visit.

What are the benefits and costs if I take part in this study?
You may benefit as a result of your participation in this study. There is, however, no guarantee that you will benefit from your participation in this study. Information learned from the study may help other people in the future.

There will be no charge to you for your participation in this study. The study drug, study-related procedures, and study visits will be provided at no charge. You will be reimbursed for reasonable and acceptable study-related travel costs.

What are the benefits and costs if I take part in this study?
Any study has risks, which may include things that could make you feel uncomfortable, ill, or in rare situations harm you. You might experience side effects related to the study drug while participating in the study. All participants in the study will be watched closely for any side effects; however, the study team does not know all the effects that the study product may have on you.

In previous studies, the study drug was generally safe and well-tolerated. Some mild to moderate symptoms were experienced by participants, such as:
• Upper respiratory tract infection (common cold)
• Headache
• Abdominal pain
A condition called cytokine release syndrome may also occur, with symptoms such as:
• Malaise.
• Fever.
• Skin rash.
• Diarrhea.

In most cases, these side effects may be mild or severe. In some cases, these side effects might be long-lasting, or permanent, and may even be life-threatening.

In previous studies, the study drug was generally safe and well-tolerated. Some mild to moderate symptoms were experienced by participants, such as:
• Upper respiratory tract infection (common cold)
• Headache
• Abdominal pain
A condition called cytokine release syndrome may also occur, with symptoms such as:
• Malaise.
• Fever.
• Skin rash.
• Diarrhea.

In most cases, these side effects may be mild or severe. In some cases, these side effects might be long-lasting, or permanent, and may even be life-threatening.

In previous studies, the study drug was generally safe and well-tolerated. Some mild to moderate symptoms were experienced by participants, such as:
• Headache
• Abdominal pain
A condition called cytokine release syndrome may also occur, with symptoms such as:
• Malaise.
• Fever.
• Skin rash.
• Diarrhea.

In most cases, these side effects may be mild or severe. In some cases, these side effects might be long-lasting, or permanent, and may even be life-threatening.

In previous studies, the study drug was generally safe and well-tolerated. Some mild to moderate symptoms were experienced by participants, such as:
• Headache
• Abdominal pain
A condition called cytokine release syndrome may also occur, with symptoms such as:
• Malaise.
• Fever.
• Skin rash.
• Diarrhea.

In most cases, these side effects may be mild or severe. In some cases, these side effects might be long-lasting, or permanent, and may even be life-threatening.

In previous studies, the study drug was generally safe and well-tolerated. Some mild to moderate symptoms were experienced by participants, such as:
• Headache
• Abdominal pain
A condition called cytokine release syndrome may also occur, with symptoms such as:
• Malaise.
• Fever.
• Skin rash.
• Diarrhea.

In most cases, these side effects may be mild or severe. In some cases, these side effects might be long-lasting, or permanent, and may even be life-threatening.

In previous studies, the study drug was generally safe and well-tolerated. Some mild to moderate symptoms were experienced by participants, such as:
• Headache
• Abdominal pain
A condition called cytokine release syndrome may also occur, with symptoms such as:
• Malaise.
• Fever.
• Skin rash.
• Diarrhea.

In most cases, these side effects may be mild or severe. In some cases, these side effects might be long-lasting, or permanent, and may even be life-threatening.